## Seminar on Continuity in Semilattices

Volume 1 | Issue 1 Article 86

1-19-1984

## SCS 85: The Space of Compact Convex Subsets of a Locally **Convex Topological Vector Space**

Klaus Keimel

Technische Universität Darmstadt, Germany, keimel@mathematik.tu-darmstadt.de

Follow this and additional works at: https://repository.lsu.edu/scs



Part of the Mathematics Commons

## **Recommended Citation**

Keimel, Klaus (1984) "SCS 85: The Space of Compact Convex Subsets of a Locally Convex Topological Vector Space," Seminar on Continuity in Semilattices: Vol. 1: Iss. 1, Article 86. Available at: https://repository.lsu.edu/scs/vol1/iss1/86

	Seminar on Conf	tinuity in Semilatti	ces, Vol. 1, Iss. 1 [2023],	Art. 86	
this allows easy poorly of some results of Konig on sublinear functionals as Tilled has remarked.  As in lot 1, there will be no reprences in this text; I would like to mention that I have profited of M. Rath's know = ladge about audine are functionals and Hahn-Banach- theorems. The exposition will be quite elementary, hopefully	Lattice theorist asks for from his point of niew reflect havic theorems of functional analysis, like them-Banach-theorems as König has propagated them but at the other hand, one result allows a geometric visualisation of subdisease functionals;	Tiller has obtained a special version of at.  The representation of Clour(E*) as the function space \$(E)  allows a topsychologically) easier investigation of the ab- itract order and topselegical properties of Clour (E*) ift  the the hand it has no that a continuous	of compact convex subsets for arbitrary locally convex topological vector spaces E but only for dual spaces with the weak topolo= gy The intention in the topological actuation is more complicated in Our result seems to be tacitly known to functional analysts	as suggested by the finite dimensional case  This result does not help to clarify the structure of the set Elounte)	subjets of Ex; this correspondence is given as follows:  To p = S(E) associate Cp = {f CE*   f <-p}
2.4 wie a orde	2.3	Recall	2		Thras
sublinear if any only it its hypergraph  As a corner some  The authorizent functional personalities pl-x) = -p(x) for allege than p is linear  than p is linear	A sublinear functional is convex, i.e., for $0 \le \lambda \le 1$ and $x, y \in A$ sublinear functional is convex, i.e., for $0 \le \lambda \le 1$ and $x, y \in A$ sublinear functional is convex, i.e., for $0 \le \lambda \le 1$ and $x, y \in A$ sublinear functional is convex, i.e., for $0 \le \lambda \le 1$ and $x, y \in A$ sublinear functional is convex, i.e., for $0 \le \lambda \le 1$ and $x, y \in A$ sublinear functional is convex, i.e., for $0 \le \lambda \le 1$ and $x, y \in A$ sublinear functional is convex.	p(xty) < p(x) + p(y) for all x in E and A>1  p(xxy) = \( \rho(\pi) \) for all \( \pi \) in E	mear fu	will be a locally corn the algebraic dual of the topulogical dual, ithe set of all subli	Notations  Notations  Aroustout we shell use the following notations:

Б.1.			9)
	Induct , p(x) = p(x + y - y) = p(x+y) + p(-y) = p(x+y) = p(x),	3. Algebraic and o	order structure of S*(E)
LCLLC	plate play = platey . Trius para acour richestration	The xt St(E) of all	all sublines - forutionals p: 15 + 2 shoulike
	t. E. Malluse the following wing natities for sublinear functionals:	considered as a subsi	inch addition, scalar space TRE will the million
D.		In particular S*(E)	is ordered with
2.6	-p(x) = p(=x) for all x in E	p ≤.p3	1/2 - p(x) < p, (x) -/9
2022	Induct, 0 = p(2) = p(x-x) < p(x) + p(-x) ly 2.1	31 One easily sees that	\$(E) milelle 10 + 10 6
2,7	p(x)-p(y) = p(x-y) for all x, y, m E	4 4	CANUTEX COLUMNICATION DE SALE DE CANUTEX COLUMNICATION DE
	Indeed, p(x) = p(x=1/4 + y) = p(x=1) + p(y), whence 2 7.		e S*(E) much that
2.00	d=(h).d-	for all x & E,	- for every family p, down
	This follow from 27 by interchanging or and by with	(Such families p. will be called	simply bounded.)
2.9	2.9 If p. < p. then = p. (-x) < p(x) < p. (x) focall x in E	p the pointeres inf	need not be rublinear
	hicked -p(x) = p(-x) = p. (-x) milinie -p. (-x) = p(2x)	e_it_a_	ily p; e S*(E) has a minor
		tionals weed	have a weel line ar animorant;
		Thus at suffices to	chas:
		3.3 For any filtered (= down directed) farmily	n directed family p. ES*(E), the pointurise

Seminar on Continu	ity in Semil	attices, Vol. 1, Iss. 1 [2023], Art. 86
		oforcity continuous for the swall topology Manhy 5" (E) is wally
Pr		for it by soute works for the weak topy legge to Clark 1 2 (E) is walked
Aguin we endour 5(E) with the weak to petergy widorced from P.		Soft continuery, Chinky, there operations as well as y are
P		By 3.4, addition and scalar multiplication on 5" (E) are yourthy
Jamily in S(E)		manuely TRE with the product topology
me helongs to 5(E) thereise the pointwee intofa filtered		embeddabel in a locally convex lopological wecker space
(OBOLLABY For every family of dominated in S(E) the parity is	5.7	sompact coursex set for the weak ( Lander) Lapatergy
P P		Charly 4p, alor is a course, set, and coursequetly a
timuity enembers.		- will call the weak to pology
Mete shat by 2.1 the equicontinuity in a maples equicon = timenty and timenty and timenty and timenty and to see the panitors.  (08021ABY For every family of dominated in S(E) the panitors: and descript de filtend family in S(E).		energy consider this pointiers to pately on 5"(E), which we
		topelosy on 4 po coninciles with the spedenct topelogy unduced
Moreover this set is equicontinues.		
(E)		Ap is a subset of TT [-pol-x1, polx) & 112 closed indice
our, say por them pas also continueurs; is a if p £ S'E) then		- for - p & po we have = p. (x) & (x) & (x) ; considerately
It a subliment functional p is domeinated by a continuous.	42	
		3 5 To every p. 6 5" (E), the ne 4 p. of all sublemely dentited blove preceding
From 2.9 weight:		15 (F) (E) Aby ME 10 of of the Median formation
(iii) p is continuous in		de infrança
(ii) p de continuen on E;	0	This is though as it helds in it wend as the operations are specialized.
(i) p de uniformely continuero en E;		
For a sublimar functional pon E, the following are equivalent	Fh	and for every filtered forming p;) A. Ap. = - A Ap.
		id A = id \ ( id + q) \ = id \ f + q
in 5*(E). From 2.8 we obtaine:		3.4 Ever word pe 5x (E) and every (pointerest counded family p.)
sublinear functionals of: E = B. Marly S(E) is a cornex com		2 / Fer were De S*(E) and see (por tech le formite los
space topology and we donot by 5(E) the act of all continuous		p (x+y) & p(x) = ply) tollow from the down directiches
ene take wite account, that E is endowed with a locciely concres vecler	The contract of the contract of	- A; (=x1 = p; (x1 . by 2,9 + live of 12 x) = A . p (x1 . in clear and
Mitil mon are considerations were purely algebraic Iron mon on		Lecturan It; suiduct, first do; for all is with p = pio core dance
Continuous sublinear functionals	7	Pert First we what for every x the set pilx) is dorented
https://repository.lsu.edu/scs/vol1/iss1/86		五)

considerations and a fortistis contained in SE .

considerations and a fortistis contained in SE .

contained and servery amply bounded ant SE .

contained in SE . COROLLARY, Let E de burnelled Thore S(E) is closed in S\*(E) for supo, las smoothy bounded fitting F. simply bounded Then p(x):= V p(x) = 5\*(E) by 32 Let a barreland, thus, a neighborhood of a by hypothesis ja e-po-us restructe that if y & ll for D:= max{ply1,p,(=y)}+1. Thus (x):= V p(x) satisfies 10(x)15 & for all x E E. W. Thus p. e.S(E) > (iii): Cisequisantinusus. Thus there is a mightershord Maf O in E C = S(E) is equicontessuous, the weak closure Cin RE asthony exist in S\*(E); S(E) is closed in S\*(E) for lineup I for which and closed In order to get that I alwards every you Est = { x; p, (x) < 1 and p, l-x) PEC < 1} Charly 11 is corner, but space, then every simply bounded set ( = 5(E) has its (III) the pointine sup-poix; - V-pix) belongs to SLE) equicantinusers subset C = S(E) is simply trounded file sela . The first assertion is straight forward. For the converse, let C=SLE weekly compact) If E is burelled, e.g. a Banach space or as also

	]]_					1 8	" ;			
	0									4.00
D. L.			ly Reposito		*		earry over to this rituation, I guess.)	"that S(E) had before, say K=S(E), and consider set of sublinear functionals f: E -> K. The might replace E by a cone. (A catain amount of results in	rateverithing do	every simply bounded subset of S(E) is simiformly bounded on the
rabiis	ned by Es	o Scholar	iy nepositoi	y, 2025						

Elections are red in the similarly and similarly and similarly and similarly and similarly and similarly and series and series and series and series and series are a series are a series and series are a ser	Compost convex sets and sublinear functionals (m. finationals finationals)
--	--

	5.31
Keimel: SCS 85: The Space of Compacticonvex subset C = E* we may a as well can smiphy be winded - associate the audiniant function of E = Mp. (12) + 6 (1) + 6	HAHIL BANACH - THEOREM LEARY Continuous I whether functionals  Spart I provide pointwise up of Continuous I kinear functionals  Compendium, pris a Idually Continuous dattice by 3.5. By the  Standard Representation of V-wieducibles, and these are levies  Solven and the present of 5.1 we have not used the Haber - Banach theorem  Compendium - Panach - Theorem - 5.1 is easily proved by  Compendium the Haber - Banach - Theorem - 5.1 is easily proved by  Compendium of THE LEXISIA, as of Tillet has noticed the have preferred  Comment - Theorem and the theory of continuous fattices  Comment - Theorem and the theory of continuous fattices
THEOREM The maps (1- 0 = sup C) p +> C = MPA E  establish an algibraic and order is one established the  the set tomp law (E*) of empact convex subsets of E*  and the set 5*(E) is a conven a topological docates on E  weeknessace (RE) timp tone (E) is also a cone with may expect on the solid convex dopology for the solid convex topology on long tone (C) with may expect on the solid convex topology on long tone (C) with any experienced down (= 5)  by this locally convex topology on long tone (C) with a topology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid to pology on long tone (C) with the solid tone (C) wi	Lit (200 Act on Sets of Cist Cist Cist Cist Cist Cist Cist Caracter (200 Act on Caracter (200

Published by LSU Scholarly Repository, 2023